

## Summary in English

The problems of the dissertation were focused on the threats to internal security associated with illegal immigration processes in Poland. In the theoretical and cognitive area, the research effort was directed to the aspect of threats related to the achievement of the immigration goal (illegal border crossing, violations of laws regulating residence issues) and threats by illegal immigration assisted (trafficking of persons across the border, human trafficking, smuggling, terrorism). The variability of the phenomenon of illegal migration and the processes accompanying it is important, which motivated the author to undertake scientific research on systematizing knowledge of illegal immigration processes in Poland and their relationship to internal security.

The current challenge, in the area of the relationship between irregular migration movements and internal security, is the analysis of the geopolitical dimension of migration pressure on the eastern external border of the European Union with its, inspired by Russia and Belarus, causes and security consequences understood in sectoral terms. In the second chapter, titled "Migration on the Grounds of Security Theory," the author made a detailed analysis of the use of mass migration flows as a non-military pressure force used by states to achieve planned political, economic, social and military gains.

Crossing the external borders of the Schengen area allows free movement within it. Thus, learning about the rationale for illegal immigration to Poland and, with a significant impact on internal security, illegal transit migration through the territory of Poland required consideration of the causes of the migration crisis in Europe as well as the course and characteristics of the main directions (routes) by which migratory movements take place. Considerations of this issue are included in the fifth chapter, with the title: "Rationale for illegal immigration to Poland".

In the sixth chapter, titled "Trends, directions of development of illegal immigration in Poland and ways to reduce threats to internal security associated with it," the author presented a detailed characterization of the development as well as variability of the phenomenon of illegal immigration in Poland developed on the basis of statistical data. In addition, he made a comparison of methods of protecting the threatened sections of the external border based on research materials collected during study visits to the Polish-Belarusian border in Kuźnica Białostocka and the Spanish-Moroccan border in Ceuta. The final section of the work also includes a presentation of countermeasures responding to migration threats at the national level as well as at the level of the European Union. The proposals for Community remedial actions in the field of migration and asylum concern the situation at the end of 2023.